

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. SUBSTANCE AND SOURCE IDENTIFICATION

**Product Identifier**

**SRM Number:** 983  
**SRM Name:** Radiogenic Lead Isotopic Standard  
**Other Means of Identification:** Not applicable.

**Recommended Use of This Material and Restrictions of Use**

This Standard Reference Material (SRM) is intended for use as an isotopic standard. A unit of SRM 983 consists of 1 g of wire that was prepared from radiogenic lead.

**Company Information**

National Institute of Standards and Technology  
 Standard Reference Materials Program  
 100 Bureau Drive, Stop 2300  
 Gaithersburg, Maryland 20899-2300

Telephone: 301-975-2200  
 FAX: 301-948-3730  
 E-mail: SRMMSDS@nist.gov  
 Website: <http://www.nist.gov/srm>

Emergency Telephone ChemTrec:  
 1-800-424-9300 (North America)  
 +1-703-527-3887 (International)

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**Radiological Hazard**

**Warning: THIS MATERIAL SHOULD ONLY BE USED BY PERSONS QUALIFIED TO HANDLE RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL!**

This product contains licensed radioactive material and is therefore subject to the requirements of 10 CFR Part 20 (e.g., public and occupational exposure limits, waste disposal). At a minimum, the basic radiation safety principles of time, distance, and shielding, and appropriate radiation contamination control should be practiced to avoid/minimize any external and/or internal exposure. Consult with your Radiation Safety office for your facility's radiation safety requirements/precautions specific to the radionuclide(s) (including its activity and chemical/physical form) in this Radioactive SRM.

**SRM 983 is a radioactive material containing lead-210 of natural origin, with massic activity of approximately 16 kBq·g<sup>-1</sup>. Lead-210 decays by beta-particle emission to bismuth-210, which also decays by beta-particle emission to polonium-210 that decays by alpha-particle emission. During the decay process x-rays and gamma rays with energies from 10 keV to 47 keV are produced.**

**Classification**

**Physical Hazard:** There are no known physical hazards associated with this material.

<b>Health Hazard:</b>	Acute Toxicity, Oral	Category 4
	Acute Toxicity, Inhalation	Category 4
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
	Reproductive Toxicity	Category 1A
	STOT, Repeated Exposure	Category 2

**Label Elements**

**Symbol:**



**Signal Word:** DANGER

**Hazard Statement(s):**

H302 Harmful if swallowed.  
 H332 Harmful if inhaled.  
 H350 May cause cancer.  
 H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.  
 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Precautionary Statement(s):**

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
 P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
 P260 Do not breathe dust.  
 P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
 P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
 P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
 P280 Wear eye protection, protective gloves and clothing.  
 P301 + P312 If swallowed: Call a doctor if you feel unwell.  
 P330 Rinse mouth.  
 P304 + P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
 P308 + P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.  
 P405 Store locked up.  
 P501 Dispose of contents and container according to local regulations.

**Hazards Not Otherwise Classified:** None.

**Ingredients(s) with Unknown Acute Toxicity:** None.

### 3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

**Substance:** Lead

**Other Designations:** Lead metal; plumbum.

Components are listed in compliance with OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.1200; for the actual values see the NIST Certificate.

Hazardous Component(s)	CAS Number	EC Number (EINECS)	Nominal Mass Concentration (%)
Lead	7439-92-1	231-100-4	100

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Description of First Aid Measures:**

**Inhalation:** If adverse effects occur, remove to uncontaminated area. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or oxygen by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Skin Contact:** Wash skin with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. If necessary, seek medical attention.

**Eye Contact:** Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. If necessary, seek medical attention.

**Ingestion:** If a large amount is swallowed, seek medical attention.

**Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed:** Nausea, vomiting, metallic taste, thirst, a burning sensation in the mouth and throat, salivation, abdominal pain with severe colic. Delayed effects include cancer, birth defects, and reproductive effects.

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:** If any of the above symptoms are present, seek immediate medical attention.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Negligible fire hazard. See Section 9, "Physical and Chemical Properties" for flammability properties.

**Extinguishing Media:**

Suitable: Use extinguishing media appropriate to the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable: None listed.

**Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:** Oxides of lead.

**Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters:** Avoid inhalation of material or combustion byproducts. Wear full protective clothing and NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

**NFPA Ratings:** (0 = Minimal; 1 = Slight; 2 = Moderate; 3 = Serious; 4 = Severe)

Health = 1                  Fire = 0                  Reactivity = 0

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## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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**This material is radioactive. DO NOT touch released material. Immediately notify safety personnel of a release.**

**Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean up:**

**Radiological Emergency Procedures:**

*The following is a guide for first responders. The following actions, including remediation, should be carried out by qualified individuals. In cases where a life-threatening injury occurs concurrent with personal contamination, treat the injury first.*

Do not touch damaged packages. In addition to those actions described below, the guidelines in the 2012 Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG) provide more specific measures that should be followed.

**Damage to the Radioactive Source:**

- Evacuate the immediate vicinity around the source.
- Place a barrier at a safe distance from the source.
- Identify area as a radiation hazard.

**Suggested Emergency Protective Equipment:**

- Gloves
- Footwear Covers
- Outer layer or easily removed protective clothing (as situation requires)

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## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

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**Safe Handling Precautions and Storage: This material is radioactive.** Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. See NRC 10 CFR 20 or state regulations. See Section 8, "Exposure Controls and Personal Protection".

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## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

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**Exposure Limits:**

Pb-210

ALI<sub>inh</sub>: 0.2 µCi or 7.4 kBq (bone surface) See NRC 10 CFR 20 Appendix B.

ALI<sub>ing</sub>: 0.6 µCi or 22.2 kBq (bone surface).

OSHA: See OSHA 29 CFR and NRC 10 CFR 20.

ACGIH: See International Commission on Radiological Protection guidelines.

**Engineering Controls:** Provide local exhaust or process enclosure ventilation system. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

**Personal Protection:** In accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132, subpart I, wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) to minimize exposure to this material.

**Respiratory Protection:** If workplace conditions warrant a respirator, a respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 29CFR 1910.134 must be followed. Refer to NIOSH 42 CFR 84 for applicable certified respirators.

**Eye/Face Protection:** Wear splash resistant safety goggles with a face shield. An eye wash station should be readily available near areas of use.

**Skin and Body Protection:** Wear protective clothing to prevent contact with skin. Wear appropriate gloves.

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## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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### Descriptive Properties

Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)  
Molecular Formula  
Molar Mass (g/mol)  
Odor  
Odor threshold  
pH  
Evaporation rate  
Melting point/freezing point  
Relative Density (g/L) as specific gravity (water = 1)  
Vapor Pressure  
Vapor Density (air = 1)  
Viscosity (cP)  
Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

### Thermal Stability Properties

Autoignition Temperature  
Thermal Decomposition  
Initial boiling point and boiling range  
Explosive Limits, LEL (Volume %)  
Explosive Limits, UEL (Volume %)  
Flash Point  
Flammability (solid, gas)

### Lead

white to grey wire  
Pb  
207.20  
not available  
not available  
not available  
not available  
328 °C (622 °F)  
11.3  
1.3 mmHg at 970 °C  
not available  
not available  
almost insoluble in water;  
soluble in nitric acid and hot concentrated sulfuric acid  
not available  
not applicable  
not applicable  
not applicable  
1740 °C (3164 °F)  
not applicable  
not applicable  
not applicable  
not applicable  
not applicable

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## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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**Reactivity:** Stable at normal temperatures and pressure.

**Stability:**  X  Stable   Unstable

**Possible Hazardous Reactions:** None listed.

**Conditions to Avoid:** None reported.

**Incompatible Materials:** Oxidizing materials, halogens, combustible materials, peroxides, metals, metal carbide, and acids.

**Fire/Explosion Information:** See Section 5, "Fire Fighting Measures".

**Hazardous Decomposition:** Oxides of lead.

**Hazardous Polymerization:**   Will Occur  X  Will Not Occur

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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**Route of Exposure:**  X  Inhalation  X  Skin  X  Ingestion

**Symptoms Related to the Physical, Chemical and Toxicological Characteristics:** Fatigue, weakness, anorexia, anemia, jaundice, encephalopathy.

### Potential Health Effects (Acute, Chronic and Delayed):

**Inhalation:** Short term inhalation of lead may cause irritation, nausea, vomiting, kidney damage, liver damage. Prolonged exposure to lead may result in an accumulation in body tissues and exert adverse effects on the blood, nervous system, heart, endocrine and immune systems, kidneys, and reproduction.

**Skin Contact:** Prolonged or repeated exposure to lead may cause irritation; exposure to lead powder may cause dermatitis.

**Eye Contact:** Contact with lead may cause eye irritation.

**Ingestion:** Ingestion of this material is unlikely under normal conditions of use. Ingestion of lead may cause kidney damage or liver damage; chronic ingestion may result in accumulation in body tissues and may also cause cancer.

## Numerical Measures of Toxicity:

**Acute Toxicity:** Category 4, oral and inhalation.

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation:** Not classified; no data available.

**Serious Eye damage/Irritation:** Not classified; no data available.

**Respiratory Sensitization:** Not classified; no data available.

**Skin Sensitization:** Not classified; no data available.

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity:** Not classified; no data available.

**Carcinogenicity:** Category 1B

**Listed as a Carcinogen/Potential Carcinogen**     X     Yes          No

Lead is listed as reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen per NTP.

IARC lists inorganic lead in Group 2A (probably carcinogenic to humans).

**Radiological Hazard:** Lead-210

Ionizing radiation is a known carcinogen.

**Reproductive Toxicity:** Category 1A; lead crosses the placenta and may affect the fetus causing birth defects, mental retardation, behavioral disorders, and death during the first year of childhood.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure:** Not classified; no data available.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure:** Category 2; lead can accumulate in body tissues.

**Aspiration Hazard:** No data available.

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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**Ecotoxicity Data:** Carp (*Cyprinus carpio*), LC50: 0.44 mg/L (96 h, semi-static)  
Trout (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*), LC50: 1.17 mg/L (96 h, flow-through)

**Persistence and Degradability:** No data available.

**Bioaccumulative Potential:** No data available.

**Mobility in Soil:** No data available.

**Other Adverse Effects:** No data available.

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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**Waste Disposal:** This material is radioactive. Dispose in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations for **RADIOACTIVE** materials. See NRC 10 CFR 20 subpart K.

Dispose of waste in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Lead Hazardous Waste Number(s): D008. Lead subject to U.S. EPA 40 CFR 262 for concentrations at or above the regulatory level of 5.0 mg/L.

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## 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

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**U.S. DOT and IATA:**

**Primary Risk:** UN2910, Radioactive Material Excepted Package, Hazard Class 7.

**Subsidiary Risk:** Not applicable.

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## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

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**U.S. Regulations:**

CERCLA Sections 102a/103 (40 CFR 302.4): 10 lbs (4.54 kg) final RQ – no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 µm.

SARA Title III Section 302 (40 CFR 355.30): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Section 304 (40 CFR 355.40): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65): 0.1 % Supplier notification limit; 0.1 % de minimis concentration (when contained in stainless steel, brass, or bronze).

OSHA Process Safety (29 CFR 1910.119): Not regulated.

SARA Title III Sections 311/312 Hazardous Categories (40 CFR 370.21):

ACUTE HEALTH: Yes.  
CHRONIC HEALTH: Yes.  
FIRE: No.  
REACTIVE: No.  
PRESSURE: No.

**State Regulations:**

WARNING! This product contains chemicals (lead) known to the state of California to cause cancer and reproductive/developmental effects.

**U.S. TSCA Inventory:** Lead is listed.

**TSCA 12(b), Export Notification:** Not listed.

**Canadian Regulations:** WHMIS Information is not provided for this material.

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## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

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**Issue Date:** 18 June 2015

**Sources:** ChemAdvisor, Inc., SDS *Lead*, 20 March 2015.

OSHA 29 CFR, Subpart Z, Ionizing radiation, 1910.1096.

NRC 10 CFR 20, Standards for Protection Against Radiation.

DOT 49 CFR 173, Shippers General Requirements for Shipments and Packages.

**Key of Acronyms:**

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
ALI	Annual Limit on Intake	NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	NRC	Nuclear Regulatory Commission
CEN	European Committee for Standardization	NTP	National Toxicology Program
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
CPSU	Coal Mine Dust Personal Sample Unit	RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
DOT	Department of Transportation	REL	Recommended Exposure Limit
EC50	Effective Concentration, 50 %	RM	Reference Material
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances	RQ	Reportable Quantity
EPCRA	Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act	RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
IATA	International Air Transportation Agency	SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health	SRM	Standard Reference Material
ISO	International Organization for Standardization	STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit
LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50 %	TDLo	Toxic Dose Low
LD50	Lethal Dose, 50 %	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit	TPQ	Threshold Planning Quantity
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet	TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association	TWA	Time Weighted Average
MSHA	Mine Safety and Health Administration	UEL	Upper Explosive Limit
		WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

**Disclaimer:** Physical and chemical data contained in this SDS are provided only for use in assessing the hazardous nature of this material. The SDS was prepared carefully, using current references; however, NIST does not certify the data in the SDS. The certified values for this material are given in the NIST Certificate.

Users of this SRM should ensure that the SDS in their possession is current. This can be accomplished by contacting the SRM Program: telephone (301) 975-2200; fax (301) 948-3730; e-mail [srmmsds@nist.gov](mailto:srmmsds@nist.gov); or via the Internet at <http://www.nist.gov/srm>.